

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO But 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.waylo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/560,731	12/15/2005	Takuya Sato	282365US90PCT	3732	
22850 7550 67725,0008 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			YOUNG, JANELLE N		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		2618			
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/25/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/560,731 SATO ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Janelle N. Young 2618 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 April 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 15 December 2005 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Imformation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTC/G5/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______.

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

Art Unit: 2618

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments filed April 29, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Taketsugu and Okumura teach a controller equipment comprising: a measuring unit configured to measure channel qualities of <u>an incoming</u> control channel and <u>an incoming</u> user channel separated from a received signal (Fig. 1; Page 1, Para 0007-0011; Page 3, Para 0047 of Okumura with respect to Abstract and Page 4, Para 0062-0063 of Taketsugu).

Taketsugu and Okumura teach a controller equipment comprising: a target circuit quality determining unit is configured to determine the target circuit quality for the received signal, based on the communicated target circuit quality for the control channel and user channel (Abstract; Page 1, Para 0004-0005; Page 2, Para 0021; and Page 5, Para 0066 of Okumura) and when the channel quality of the control channel does not satisfy the required channel quality satisfies a predetermined condition, the communicating unit is configured to communicate at least the target circuit quality for the control channel to the target circuit quality determining unit (Page 4, Para 0056 & 0063 of Okumura with respect to Abstract and Page 2, Para 0034-Page 3, Para 0041 of Taketsugu).

Taketsugu teaches that the quality in a wireless line between the radio base station and mobile terminal varies with time dependent upon movement in the mobile

Art Unit: 2618

terminal, influence of an obstacle, fading, and the like; which is interpreted as a type of cases that cause error (Page 4, Para 0056-0057 of Taketsugu). In order to determine fading, it is necessary to determine the channel quality. In addition, Taketsugu teaches the relationship of a quality and transmission speed by disclosing how a lower quality in a wireless line brings about the slower practical data transmission speed. Besides a larger amount of information for detecting errors and processing retransmission of signals is added to the wireless line than that of a wired line, so that a ratio of transmission capacity that can be utilized (Page 1, Para 0015 of Taketsugu).

In order to transmit data by a relay station or radio system controller one has to have a control channel. The relay station contains a plurality of base stations and controls the transmission of data packets (Fig. 2; Page 3, Para 0052-0053; and Page 4, Para 0061-0062 of Taketsugu). In order to transmit data between the base station and mobile terminal one has to have a user channel (Fig. 2; Page 3, Para 0049-0051 & 0054; and Page 4, Para 0061-0062 of Taketsugu). A received signal can be read on the controller receiving a signal from a base station and which can also be read as an signal received from the mobile station.

Taketsugu also discloses a transmission capacity demanding signal, which is requested to increase or decrease; which reads on updating, a permissible transmission capacity as a target (Page 4. Para 0058 of Taketsugu).

Taketsugu discloses: communicating unit configured to communicate, in a predetermined period, the updated target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel. (Page 4. Para 0055-0062).

Art Unit: 2618

Taketsugu discloses a target circuit quality determining unit configured to determine a target circuit quality for the received signal, based on the target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel communicated from the communicating unit, so that all of the control channel and the user channel satisfy a required channel quality (Abstract; Page 1, Para 0017-Page 2, Para 0023; and Page 2, Para 0034-Page 3, Para 0041).

Response to Amendment

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 1, 4, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter ("measure channel qualities of an incoming control channel and an incoming user channel") which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specification only discloses "measuring unit configured to measure channel qualities of a control channel and a user channel separated from a received signal." This does not support claimed limitations.

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 10/560,731
Art Unit: 2618

3. Claims 1, 4, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter ("when the channel quality of the control channel does not satisfy the required channel quality, the communicating unit is configured to communicate at least the target circuit quality for the control channel to the target circuit quality determining unit") which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specification only discloses "When the channel quality of the control channel satisfies a predetermined condition, the communicating unit is configured to communicate at least the target circuit quality for the control channel to the target circuit quality determining unit. The target circuit quality determining unit is configured to determine the target circuit quality for the received signal, based on the communicated target circuit quality for the control channel."; "when the channel quality of the control channel satisfies a predetermined condition, the communicating unit can be configured to communicate the target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel to the target circuit quality determining unit; and the target circuit quality determining unit can be configured to determine the target circuit quality for the received signal, based on the communicated target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel." and when a channel quality measured by the control transport channel quality measuring unit 35 does not satisfy a target channel quality for the control transport channel, the control transport channel target SIR

Art Unit: 2618

updating unit 36 increases a target SIR for the control transport channel." This does not support claimed limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Taketsugu (US Pub 2001/0050909) and further in view of Okumura (US Pub 2003/0003942).

As for claim 1. Taketsugu teaches a controller equipment comprising:

an updating unit configured to update target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel, based on results of measurement of the channel qualities by the measuring unit (Page 2, Para 0033 and Page 4, Para 0059-0060 of Taketsuqu);

a communicating unit configured to communicate, in a predetermined period, the updated target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel (Page 4, Para 0055-0062 of Taketsugu); and

a target circuit quality determining unit configured to determine a target circuit quality for the received signal, based on the target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel communicated from the communicating

Art Unit: 2618

unit, so that all of the control channel and the user channel satisfy a required channel quality (Abstract; Page 1, Para 0017-Page 2, Para 0023; and Page 2, Para 0034-Page 3, Para 0041 of Taketsugu).

However, Okumura a controller equipment comprising:

a measuring unit configured to measure channel qualities of <u>an incoming</u> control channel and <u>an incoming</u> user channel separated from a received signal (Fig. 1; Page 1, Para 0007-0011; Page 3, Para 0047 of Okumura with respect to Abstract and Page 4, Para 0062-0063 of Taketsugu);

a target circuit quality determining unit is configured to determine the target circuit quality for the received signal, based on the communicated target circuit quality for the control channel and user channel (Abstract; Page 1, Para 0004-0005; Page 2, Para 0021; and Page 5, Para 0066 of Okumura) and

when the channel quality of the control channel <u>does not satisfy the</u>
required channel quality satisfies a predetermined condition, the communicating
unit is configured to communicate at least the target circuit quality for the control
channel to the target circuit quality determining unit (Page 4, Para 0056 & 0063
of Okumura with respect to Abstract and Page 2, Para 0034-Page 3, Para 0041
of Taketsugu).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill of the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a transmit power control method and transmit power control system suitable to mobile communications, as taught by Okumura, in the controlling transmission capacity and mobile communication system of Taketsugu,

Art Unit: 2618

because Taketsugu already teaches quality in a wireless line between the radio base station and the mobile terminal (Page 4, Para 0056, 0068, & 0073 of Taketsugu).

The motivation of this combination would reduce the deterioration of data receiving quality at the beginning of the data transmission, as taught by Okumura on Page 1, Para 0009. In addition, Taketsugu discloses that the data at a speed more than a transmission speed in a wireless line does not flow there into, so that a buffer overflow due to deterioration of quality in the wireless line is prevented (Page 4, Para 0068 & 0073).

As for claim 2, Taketsugu teaches a controller equipment, wherein: the communicating unit is configured to compare the channel quality of the control channel with a predetermined threshold in a period shorter than the predetermined period, and to communicate the updated target circuit quality for the control channel to the target circuit quality determining unit based on a result of the comparison (Page 2, Para 0027-0032; Page 4, Para 0055-0058; and Page 4, Para 0064-0066 of Taketsugu).

As for claim 3, Taketsugu teaches a controller equipment, wherein: when the channel quality of the control channel satisfies a predetermined condition, the communicating unit is configured to communicate the target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel to the target circuit quality determining unit; and the target circuit quality determining unit is configured to determine the target circuit quality for the received signal, based on the communicated target circuit qualities for the control channel and the user channel (Abstract and Page 2, Para 0034-Page 3, Para 0041 of Taketsuqu).

Art Unit: 2618

Regarding claim 4, see explanation as set forth regarding claim 1 (controller equipment claim) because the claimed method for controller equipment would perform the controller equipment steps.

Regarding claim 5, see explanation as set forth regarding claim 2 (controller equipment claim) because the claimed method for controller equipment would perform the controller equipment steps.

Regarding claim 6, see explanation as set forth regarding claim 3 (controller equipment claim) because the claimed method for controller equipment would perform the controller equipment steps.

Regarding claim 7, see explanation as set forth regarding claim 1 (controller equipment claim) because the claimed controller equipment means would perform the controller equipment steps.

Regarding claim 8, see explanation as set forth regarding claim 2 (controller equipment claim) because the claimed method for controller equipment means would perform the controller equipment steps.

Regarding claim 9, see explanation as set forth regarding claim 3 (controller equipment claim) because the claimed method for controller equipment means would perform the controller equipment steps.

Application/Control Number: 10/560,731 Page 10

Art Unit: 2618

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Ida et al (US Pub 2002/0082036) discloses a mobile communications system, designed to enable the overall amount of power emitted to be kept down, provided with a mobile station location information generating unit for generating location information indicating a present location of a mobile station when transmitting a request for increasing the transmission power from the mobile station in the middle of handover with base transceiver stations, a base transceiver station location information generating unit for generating location information indicating a present location of the base transceiver stations, a base transceiver station specifying unit for specifying one base transceiver station nearest to the mobile station from said location information, and a transmission power control unit for instructing an increase of the transmission power in only the specified base transceiver station.

Okumura (US Pub 2003/0003942) discloses a transmit power control method and system used in radio communications between a transmitting station and a receiving station is provided. The method and system employ a so-called double closed-loop control technique, and target signal quality is updated so that data quality received at the receiving station satisfies prescribed target data quality. When data are transmitted discontinuously, first target signal quality updated immediately before an idle period is held, and second target signal quality higher than the first target signal quality is set when data transmission resumes immediately after the idle period. The transmit

Application/Control Number: 10/560,731 Page 11

Art Unit: 2618

power of the transmitting station is regulated so that signal quality at the receiving station satisfies the second target signal quality when the data transmission resumes.

Okumura et al. (US Pub 2004/0005906) discloses a transmission power control device is provided that includes: a transmission loss calculator that calculates a transmission loss in the electric wave transmission path between a mobile station and each base station; and a transmission power control information determiner that determines which transmission power control information is to be used in a transmission power control operation at the mobile station, based on transmission power control information transmitted from each base station to the mobile station and the transmission loss in the transmission path between the mobile station and each base station calculated by the transmission loss calculator. This transmission power control device may further include an autonomous controller that increases transmission power from a current value in accordance with predetermined characteristics, regardless of transmission power control information from another communication device, when reception signal quality has become lower than a predetermined quality level. With this structure, after synchronization with a signal from the base station is established at the mobile station, the transmission power is controlled to increase from the initial value in accordance with the predetermined characteristics, regardless of the transmission power control information transmitted from the base station.

 Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP

Art Unit: 2618

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
examiner should be directed to Janelle N. Young whose telephone number is (571) 2722836. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday: 10:00 am
through 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nay Maung can be reached on (571) 272-7882. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/560,731 Page 13

Art Unit: 2618

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Janelle N. Young/ Examiner, Art Unit 2618 /Nay A. Maung/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2618